

## **Federal Direct Loans**

VS.

# **Private Student Loans**

► <u>FEDERAL STUDENT LOANS</u> = Funded by the federal government; usually have more benefits, lower/fixed interest rates and better repayment plan options. Must complete the FAFSA annually to determine eligibility.

Direct Subsidized and Unsubsidized Loan; Direct PLUS Loans for parents of dependent undergraduates

▶ <u>PRIVATE STUDENT LOANS</u> (also called **alternative loans**) = Nonfederal loans made by a *lender* such as a bank, credit union, state agency, or a school; generally end up being more expensive overall.

If you must borrow an alternative loan, it is beneficial to you to borrow all of your available Federal loans first.

### **Federal Direct student loans**

#### **Private/alternative student loans**

• You will not have to start repaying your federal student loans until you graduate, leave school or drop below half-time enrollment status.	• Many private student loans require payments while you are still in school.
• The interest rate is fixed and is often lower than private loans (and much lower than some credit card interest rates).	• Can have variable interest rates, some greater than 18%.  These rates may substantially increase the total you pay.
• Undergrad students with financial need will likely qualify for a subsidized loan where the government pays the interest while you are in school on at least a half-time basis.	Not subsidized. YOU pay all the interest and it starts accruing with disbursement.
• Do not require a credit check or cosigner and can help a student establish a good credit record.	Many require an established credit record or cosigner.
• Interest may be tax deductible.	Interest may not be tax deductible.
• Deferment and forbearance provisions and many repayment options available, including the ability to tie monthly payments to income.	May have less flexible repayment options and may not provide deferment or forbearance alternatives.

In either case, ONLY BORROW WHAT YOU NEED. Both types of loans MUST BE REPAID.

Visit StudentAid.gov and StudentLoans.gov for more federal loan information, repayment calculators and plans.

#### Private/alternative loan lender selection

There are many private loan options and lenders available to students. The following list provides contact info for lenders EWC has worked with successfully in the past, but you are NOT LIMITED TO THIS LIST. It is up to YOU to find the best lender and loan options to fit your needs. EWC does not promote any specific lender and receives no compensation from your choice of lender. Visit EWC's website at <a href="ewc.wy.edu/future-students/financial-aid/federal-direct-loans/">ewc.wy.edu/future-students/financial-aid/federal-direct-loans/</a> for more loan information and to view our College Loan Code of Conduct. Please note that not all lenders work with all colleges.

Bank of North Dakota Student Loans: mystudentloanonline.nd.gov

**Sallie Mae** (Smart Option Student Loan): <u>salliemae.com</u> **Wells Fargo** (Collegiate Loan): <u>wellsfargo.com/student/</u>

View and compare these lenders' products online via ELMSelect at: http://www.elmselect.com/link/query?schoolid=376